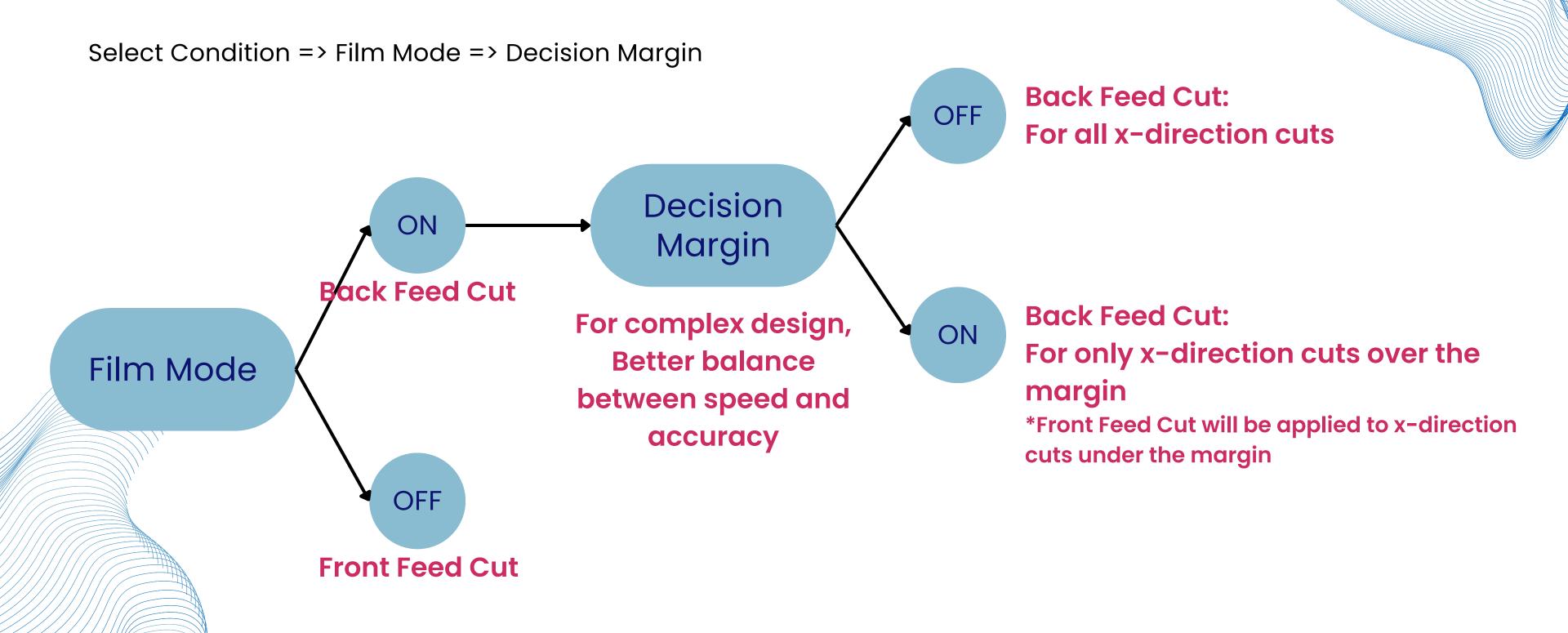
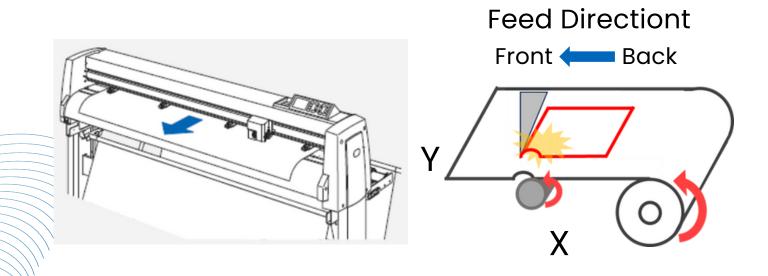
# FILM Mode



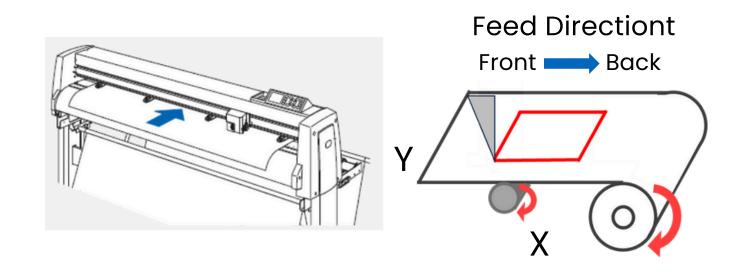
### 

A mode designed to **prevent media lifting** when cutting thin, flexible materials like film. X-direction cuts are performed using a **back-feed tension method** to ensure clean results

#### **Front Feed Cut**



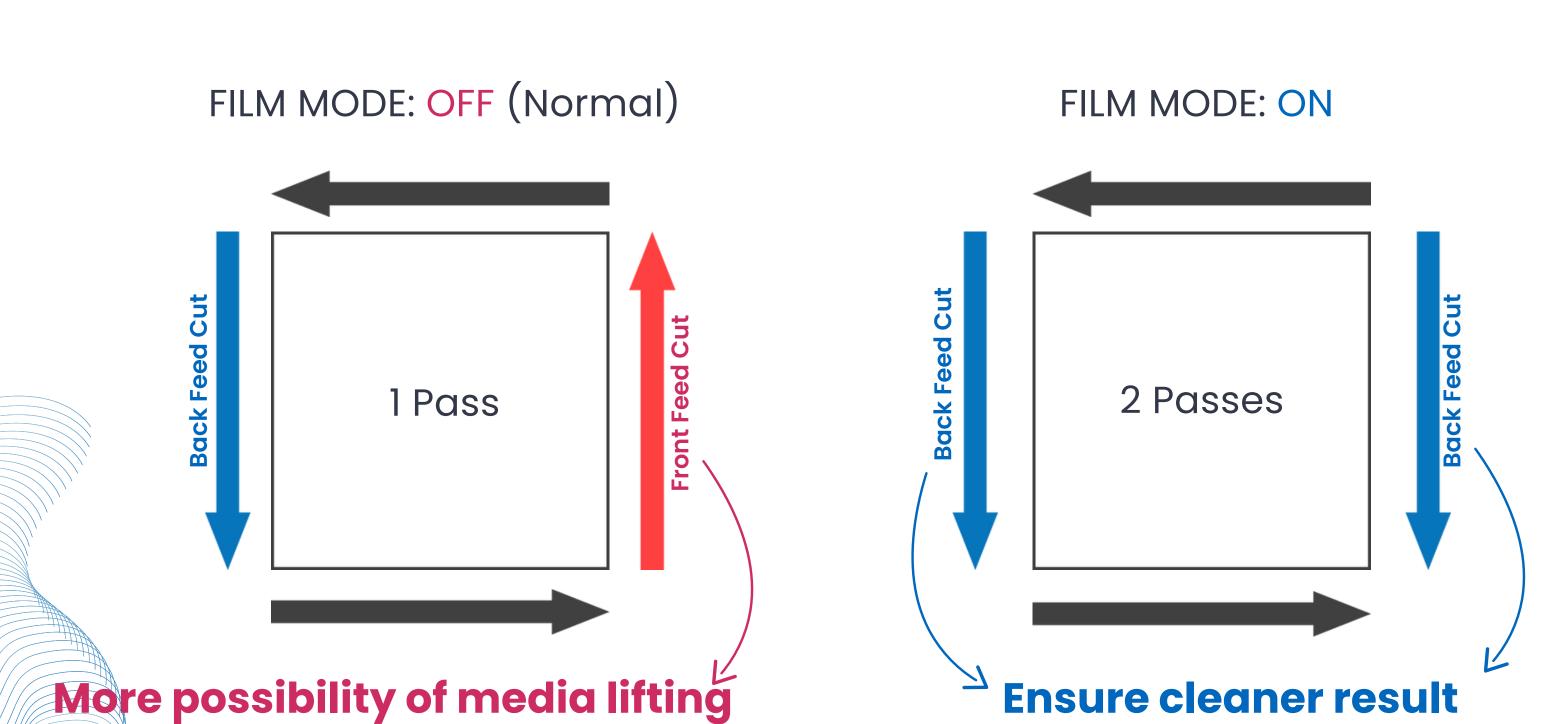
#### **Back Feed Cut**



Media lifts due to the cutting resistance of the blade

Effective for cutting DTF media and window films







However, for complex designs with **multiple small x-direction cuts**, changing cutting direction for every cut can be time consuming and thus resulting in lower productivity.

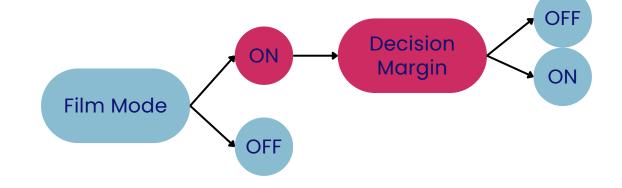


To balance more between speed and accuracy, and to optimize the efficiency of the job





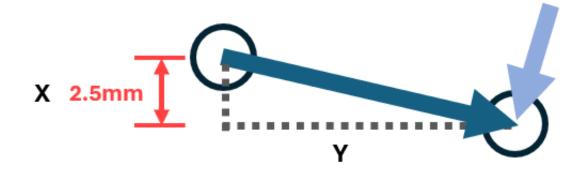
## FILM MODE - ON



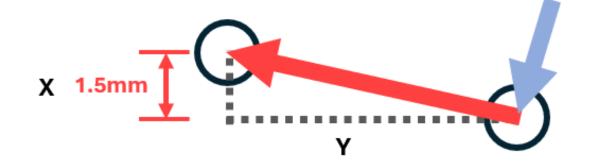
### **Decision Margin**

Enables configuration of a threshold length in the X direction. When the length of a cut falls below this value, the front-feed cutting method is applied to optimize the speed and efficiency of the job.

- Default setting: 2 mm
- Setting range: 0-50 mm
- Example: decision margin = 2 mm



Back feed cut is applied



Front feed cut is remained

# GRAPHTEC

# FILM MODE - ON

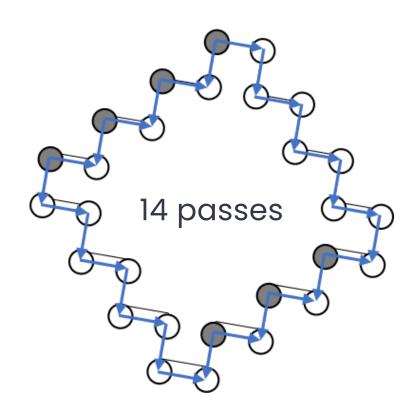
ON Decision Margin ON

Film Mode

OFF

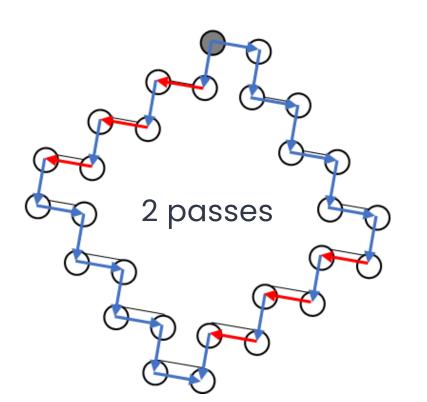
### **Decision Margin**

**Decision Margin: OFF** 



More passes → Longer time

**Decision Margin: ON** 



Less passes → Shorter time

Back Feed Cut Front Feed Cut

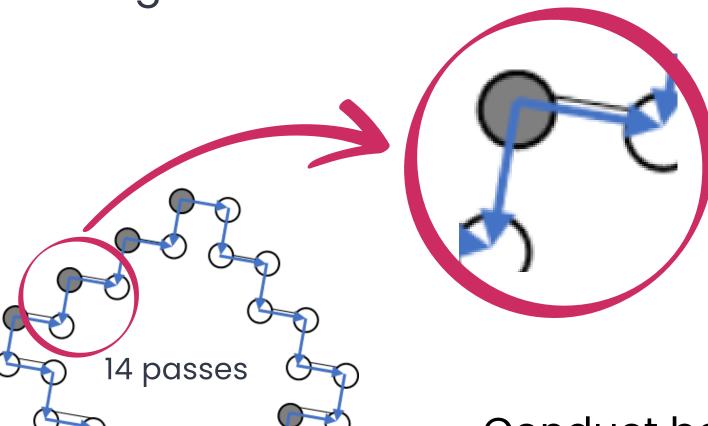




## FILM MODE – ON

ON Decision Margin ON ON

Decision Margin: OFF



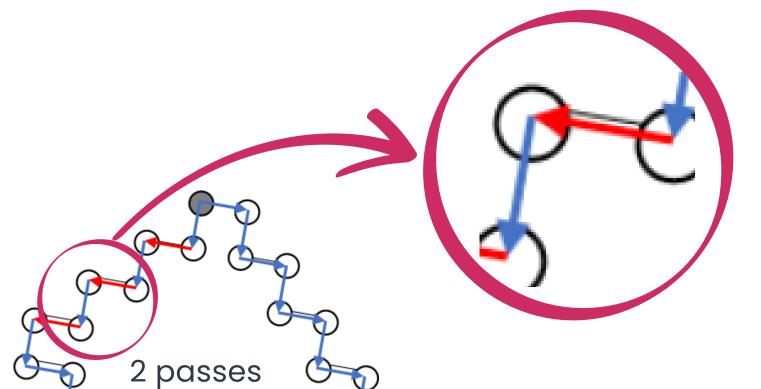
Conduct back feed cut for every single x-direction cuts, resulting in more passes and requiring more time, less productive



### FILM MODE - ON

ON Decision Margin ON ON

Decision Margin: ON



Conduct back feed cut only for x-direction cuts over the margin, provide better balance between speed and accuracy

Back Feed Cut ——
Front Feed Cut ——